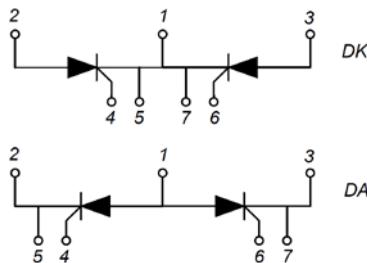


**FEATURES**

- Electrically Isolated by DBC Ceramic
- High Surge Current Capability
- Low Inductance Package

**APPLICATIONS**

- DC Motor Control and Drives
- Battery Charges ,Heater controls, Light dimmers
- Static switches


**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**
*T<sub>c</sub>=25°C unless otherwise specified*

Symbol	Parameter/Test Conditions	Values		Unit
		MMK110A160DA	MMK110A160DK	
V <sub>DRM</sub>	Repetitive Peak Off-State Voltage	1600	1600	V
V <sub>RRM</sub>	Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage	1600	1600	
V <sub>RSM</sub>	Non-Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage	1700	1700	

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Values	Unit
I <sub>T(AV)</sub>	Average On-State Current	Single phase, half wave, 180° conduction, T <sub>c</sub> =80°C	110	A
I <sub>T(RMS)</sub>	R.M.S. On-State Current		170	
I <sub>TSM</sub>	Non-Repetitive Surge	1/2 cycle, 50HZ, peak value T <sub>c</sub> =45°C	2000	
	On-State Current	1/2 cycle, 60HZ, peak value T <sub>c</sub> =45°C	2200	
I <sup>2</sup> t	I <sup>2</sup> t (For Fusing)	1/2 cycle, 50HZ, peak value T <sub>c</sub> =45°C	20	KA <sup>2</sup> s
		1/2 cycle, 60HZ, peak value T <sub>c</sub> =45°C	20	KA <sup>2</sup> s
T <sub>J</sub>	Junction Temperature		-40 to +125	°C
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature Range		-40 to +125	°C
V <sub>IISO</sub>	Isolation Breakdown Voltage	AC, 50Hz(R.M.S), t=1 minute	3000	V
Torque	Module-to-Sink	Recommended (M5)	2.5~5	N.m
Torque	Module Electrodes	Recommended (M5)	2.5~5	N.m
R <sub>th (J-C)</sub>	Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance		0.24	K/W
Weight			110	g

# MMK110A160DA/DK

## ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS $T_c=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{DRM}$	Maximum Peak Off-State Current	$V_D = V_{DRM}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$			15	mA
$I_{RRM}$	Maximum Peak Reverse Current	$V_R = V_{RRM}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$			15	
$V_{TM}$	Maximum on-state voltage drop	$I_{TM}=345\text{A}, t_d=10\text{ ms, half sine}$			1.8	V
$V_{T0}$	For power-loss calculations only $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$				0.88	V
$r_T$					3.1.	$\text{m}\Omega$
$V_{GT}$	Max. required DC gate voltage to trigger	$V_A=6\text{V}, R_A=1\Omega, T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$			4	V
		$V_A=6\text{V}, R_A=1\Omega$			2.5	
		$V_A=6\text{V}, R_A=1\Omega, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$			1.7	
$I_{GT}$	Max. required DC gate current to trigger	$V_A=6\text{V}, R_A=1\Omega, T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$			270	mA
		$V_A=6\text{V}, R_A=1\Omega$			150	
		$V_A=6\text{V}, R_A=1\Omega, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$			80	
$V_{GD}$	Max. required DC gate voltage not to trigger, $V_D = V_{DRM}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$				0.25	V
$I_{GD}$	Max. required DC gate current not to trigger, $V_D = V_{DRM}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$				10	mA
$I_H$	Maximum holding current			125	250	
$I_L$	Maximum latching current			250	500	
$P_{GM}$	Maximum peak gate power				10	W
$P_{G(AV)}$	Maximum average gate power				2.5	W
$I_{GM}$	Maximum peak gate current				2.5	A
$-V_{GM}$	Maximum peak negative gate voltage				10	V
$dv/dt$	Critical Rate of Rise of Off-State Voltage, $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$ , exponential to 67% rated $V_{DRM}$				1000	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
$di/dt$	$V_D = 2/3V_{DRM}, I_G = 0.3\text{A}, di/dt=0.3\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$				150	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

## MMK110A160DA/DK

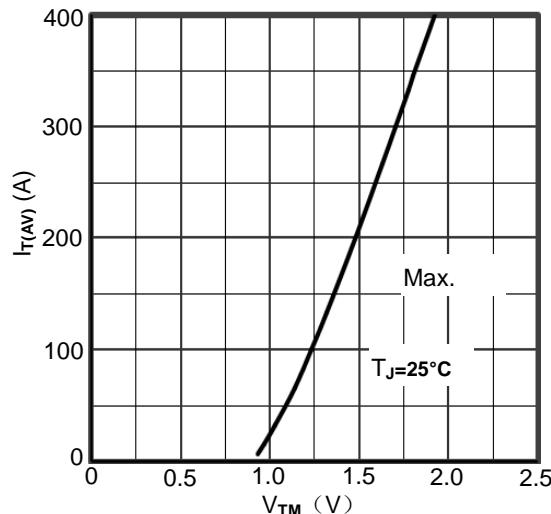


Figure1. SCR Average On-State Current vs. Forward Voltage

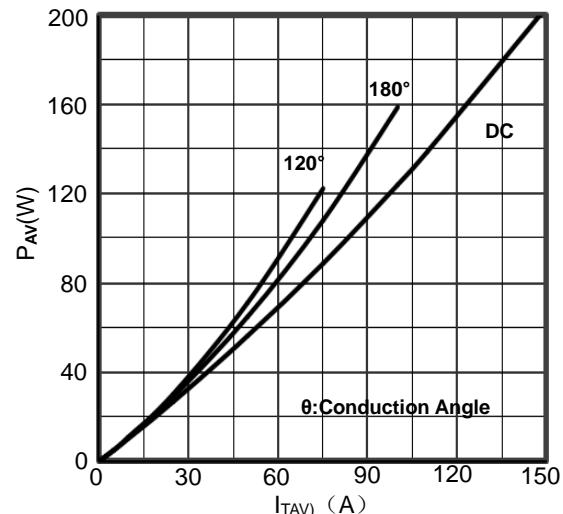


Figure2. SCR Power dissipation vs.  $I_{T(AV)}$

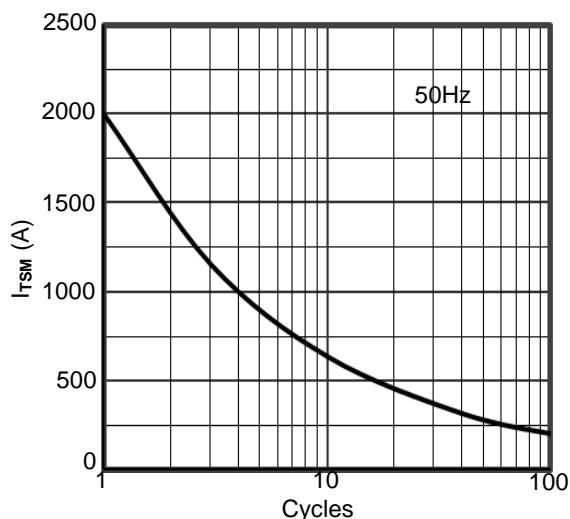


Figure3. Max Non-Repetitive Surge On-State Current

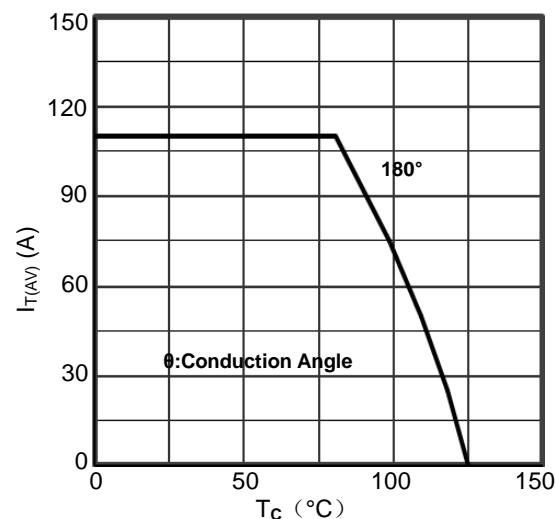


Figure4. On-State current vs. Case temperature

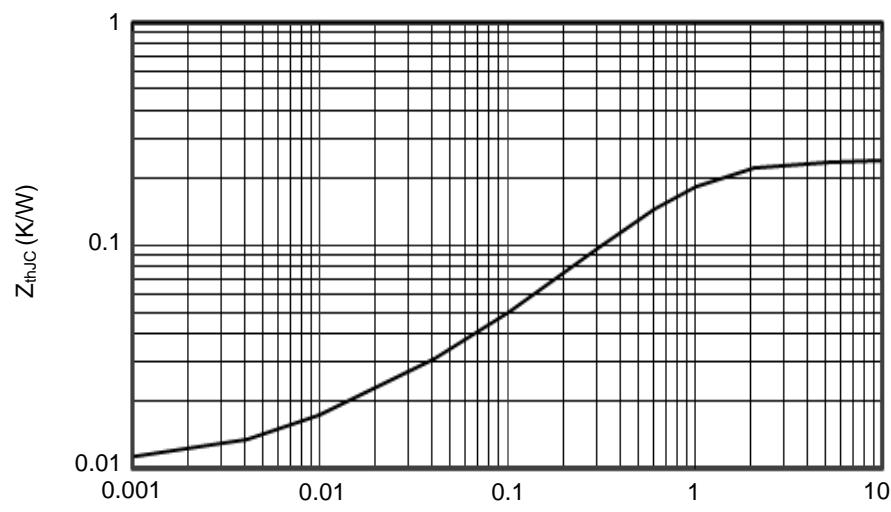


Figure5. Transient Thermal Impedance

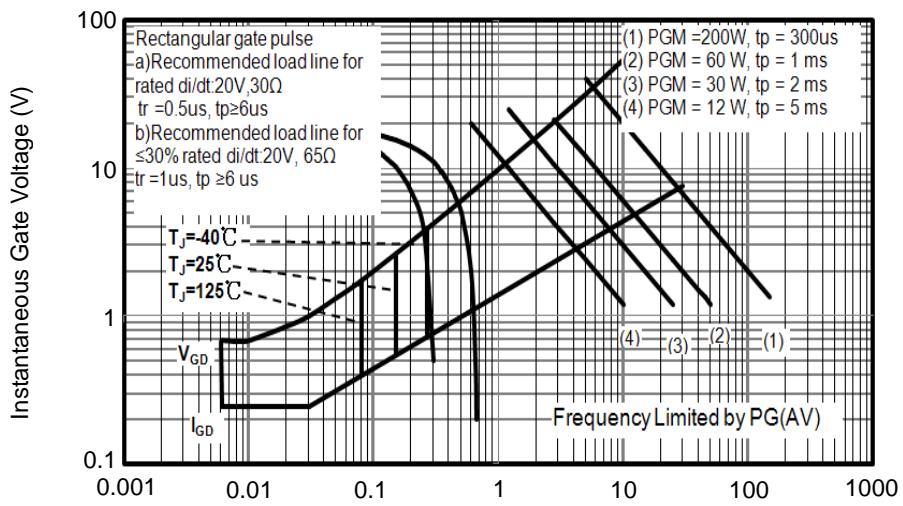
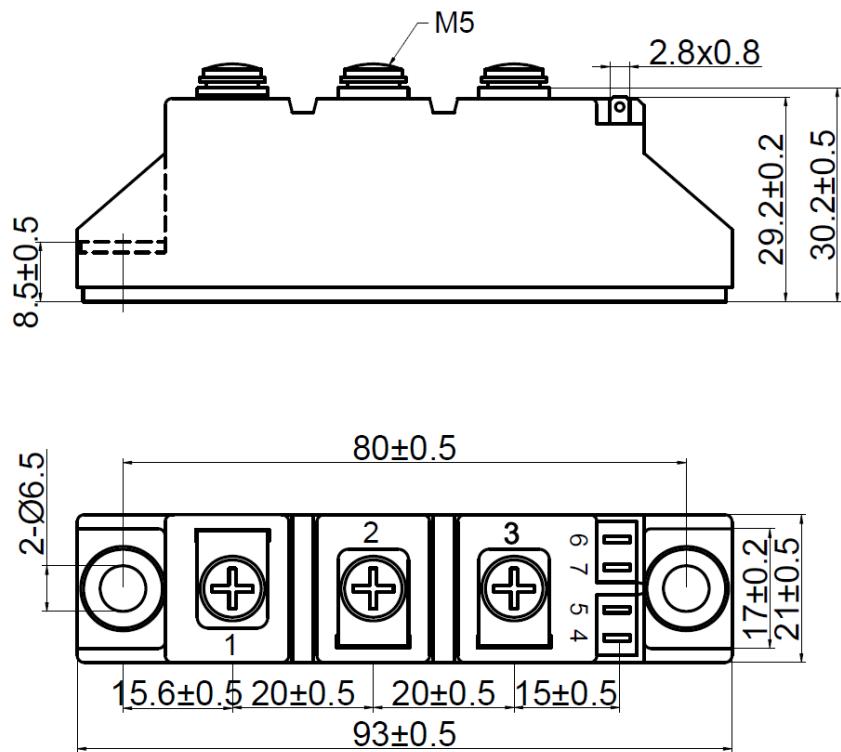


Figure6. Gate Characteristics



Dimensions in Millimeters  
Figure7. Package Outline